



# Centennial Magnolia Magnolia stellata 'Centennial'

Height: 10 feet Spread: 10 feet Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 4

## **Description:**

An ideal accent tree for smaller home landscapes, features extremely fragrant star-shaped snow-white flowers in early spring with numerous petals, upright and multi-stemmed; very hardy, although flowers are occasionally lost to late spring frosts

#### **Ornamental Features**

Centennial Magnolia is clothed in stunning fragrant white star-shaped flowers with yellow eyes and shell pink edges at the ends of the branches in early spring before the leaves. It has dark green deciduous foliage. The pointy leaves turn coppery-bronze in fall. The fruits are showy pink pods displayed in early fall.



Centennial Magnolia flowers Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

### **Landscape Attributes**

Centennial Magnolia is a dense multi-stemmed deciduous shrub with a distinctive and refined pyramidal form. Its average texture blends into the landscape, but can be balanced by one or two finer or coarser trees or shrubs for an effective composition.

This is a high maintenance shrub that will require regular care and upkeep, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Centennial Magnolia is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- General Garden Use

## **Planting & Growing**

Centennial Magnolia will grow to be about 10 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 10 feet. It has a low canopy with a typical clearance of 3 feet from the ground, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 80 years or more.



This shrub does best in full sun to partial shade. It requires an evenly moist well-drained soil for optimal growth, but will die in standing water. It is not particular as to soil type, but has a definite preference for acidic soils. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America.